

Rejoining the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS)

This information applies only to Scheme members who left an employment after 31 March 2014 with an entitlement to a deferred benefit in the LGPS which is based on post 31 March 2014 membership (or on membership which is treated as post 31 March 2014 membership) only, and who have re-joined the LGPS.

You have re-joined the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) and we note that you have previous deferred benefits in the LGPS.

If you were awarded those deferred benefits as a result of choosing, on or after 11 April 2015, to opt out of the membership of the Scheme, those benefits will remain deferred in the Scheme and you cannot add them to the benefits you are accruing in the Scheme in your current job.

Decision Required

Unless you tell us otherwise, the amount of pension in your deferred pension account will automatically be transferred and added into your new active pension account.

However, you can elect to keep your deferred benefit separate and, if you wish to do so, this must be done within 12 months of re-joining the scheme, and while you are still paying into the scheme.

If you make an election to keep your benefits separate you cannot change your decision. If you do not make a decision within 12 months of re-joining the scheme your deferred benefit will automatically be combined with your new active pension account.

Please note that your employer can extend the 12 month window within which you can elect to keep your benefits separate. However, this is an employer discretion and you would need to speak to your current employer if you wish to seek such an extension.

What do I need to consider before making my decision?

At the moment, you have a separate deferred benefit for your previous employment in the LGPS. If you take no action this will be automatically transferred into your new active pension account.

You need to think about the following things when considering whether or not you should keep your benefits separate:

- How will the benefits from my previous employment be worked out?
- When will my benefits be payable?
- Are there other key areas to consider?

How will the benefits from my previous employment be worked out?

Your benefits from your previous employment will be worked out in the same way if they are combined or if they are kept separate.



When will my benefits be payable?

The *Normal Pension Age* applicable to your benefits in the scheme is the same regardless of whether or not you combine your benefits or keep them separate. Your *Normal Pension Age* is linked to your State Pension Age (minimum age 65). For more information on *Normal Pension Age* see the glossary.

What key differences are there if I elected to keep my deferred benefit separate?		
•	Combined Benefits	Separate Benefits
Redundancy/ Business Efficiency	Benefits paid early because of redundancy or efficiency would include the value of earlier deferred benefits that have been transferred.	Benefits paid early because of redundancy or efficiency in your new employment would <u>not</u> include the value of earlier deferred benefits.
	If you are made redundant or lose your job for business efficiency reasons when aged 55 or over then your benefits would be payable immediately and would include the value of the pension that transferred from your deferred benefit.	If you are made redundant or lose your job for business efficiency reasons when aged 55 or over then your benefits would be payable immediately but would not include the value of your deferred benefit (because you had elected to retain that as a separate deferred benefit).
		Subject to the information in the boxes below, the separate deferred benefits would be payable at your Normal Pension Age .
III- health	Any benefits paid early because of ill-health would include the value of earlier deferred benefits that have been transferred.	Benefits paid early because of ill-health would not include the value of earlier deferred benefits.
	Your benefits will become payable immediately if your employer decides, based on the opinion of an independent doctor, that you are permanently unable to perform the duties of your employment due to ill-health and you are not capable of undertaking other gainful employment. Your pension would be paid at an increased level if you are	Your benefits will become payable immediately if your employer decides, based on the opinion of an independent doctor, that you are permanently unable to perform the duties of your employment due to ill-health and you are not capable of undertaking other gainful employment. Your pension would be paid at an increased



		Your separate deferred benefit may become payable but that would only be if your
		former employer decided in light of the view from an independent doctor that you are permanently incapable of the job you were working in when you left their employment and that you are not likely to be capable of undertaking other gainful employment before your <i>Normal Pension Age</i> or for at least 3 years, whichever is the sooner.
payment of draw benefits from norm acco	can voluntarily choose to the combined benefits as early as age 55 (at, ally, a reduced rate to unt for the early nent).	You can voluntarily choose to draw benefits from as early as age 55 (at, normally, a reduced rate to account for the early payment).
bene the s paid cann	ever, the combined fits would be payable at same time (i.e. cannot be at different times) and ot be paid until you have ed your new employment.	However, the deferred benefits do not have to be drawn at the same time as the benefits from your new employment. The deferred benefits can be drawn later than, at the same time as, or, subject to being at least age 55, earlier than the benefits from your new employment (even if you are still in your new employment at the time you wish to draw the deferred benefits).
increases* subje	combined benefits will be ect to revaluation each in accordance with HM	The benefits in the active pension account will be subject to revaluation each



Treasury Orders. The	year in accordance with HM
revaluation is currently in line	Treasury Orders. The
with the rise in the Consumer	revaluation is currently in line
Prices Index (see glossary for	
more information). However, in	, -
times of negative inflation, the	for more information).
revaluation under a HM	However, in times of negative
Treasury Order could be	inflation, the revaluation under
negative.	a HM Treasury Order could be negative.
	be negative.
	The benefits in the deferred
	pension account will be
	subject to revaluation each
	year under the Pensions
	(Increase) Act 1971. Future
	revaluation is currently in line
	with the rise in the Consumer
	<i>Prices Index</i> (see glossary for more information). In times
	of negative inflation, the
	revaluation under the
	Pensions (Increase) Act 1971
	would be 0% (i.e. it cannot be
	a negative amount).

Are there any other key areas to consider?

Death in Service lump sum

As a member of the LGPS if you die in service a lump sum of three times your annual pensionable pay would normally be payable. If you have a deferred pension, and die before it is paid, a lump sum equal to 5 times the deferred pension is paid. However, only one amount for lump sum life cover is payable from the LGPS so, even if you keep your deferred benefits separate from your active pension account, only the greater of the lump sum life cover for your deferred benefit or for your active pension account would be payable.

Paying extra contributions

Have you paid extra contributions towards buying additional pension? This would include Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVCs) and Additional Pension Contributions (APCs). Please read the information *paying extra contributions* in the glossary to find out what your choices in respect of these are.

Transferring the value of your deferred benefit to another pension scheme

Please note that even if you choose not to combine your benefits you will not be able to transfer the value of your deferred benefits to another pension scheme whilst you are contributing to the LGPS or if you have less than one year to go before reaching your *Normal Pension Age*.



Please note - If you have more than one ongoing employment in which you are continuing to contribute to the LGPS, you will need to decide which active pension account you wish your deferred benefit to be combined with.